## **Container Handler Part**

Container Handler Parts - Forming the basis of containerization, shipping containers are part of a transport system based on utilizing steel intermodal containers (shipping containers). These containers are built to specific standard dimensions which could be stacked and transported, loaded and unloaded with optimum efficiency over long distances. Shipping containers are often transported by rail, semi-trailer trucks and ships without being opened.

This system of using shipping containers was developed following World War II to be able to significantly lessen transport expenses. Containerization has also been huge in increasing international trade alliances. Nowadays, for example, roughly 90 percent of non-bulk cargo is transported worldwide by containers which are stacked on transport ships. It is estimated that 26% of all container trans-shipment happens in China. There are huge ships that could carry over 14,500 units.

Few individuals initially can see the impact that container shipping will have in the shipping industry. One economist in the 1950s, namely Benjamin Chinitz of Harvard University, predicted that containerization will have really benefit New York, by allowing it to ship more efficiently to the southern areas of the United States. He did not anticipate that containerization will likewise make it more affordable to import such goods from abroad.

Of the economic studies about containerization, nearly all assumed that the shipping organizations will soon start to replace older forms of transportation with the container systems. The studies did not predict that the process of containerization itself will result in a more direct impact on the variety of producers, along with increasing the overall volume of trade all over the globe.

Containerization offers one vital benefit which is improved cargo security. The cargo is less likely to be stolen as all the products is not visible to the casual viewer. Normally, the doors of the containers are sealed and this means that whatever signs of tampering are more evident. There are a lot of containers that are outfitted along with high-tech electronic monitoring devices. These can be distantly monitored to detect changes in air pressure. This detection happens when the doors are opened. These monitoring devices have lessened the "falling off the truck" syndrome that long plagued the shipping industry.

Before, there was some difficulty with incompatible rail gauge sizes in different countries. Nowadays, nearly all shipping ports now make use of the same basic size of container which has lessened the problems. Today, the majority of rail networks across the globe operate on a 1435 mm gauge track. This is thought to be the standard gauge, even though, various countries use wider gauges. Some countries in Africa and South America utilize narrower gauges on their networks. All of these nations rely on container trains which makes trans-shipment between different gauge trains a lot easier.